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this part will be taken against the attorney. Written advice may be sought from either a supervisory attorney or the appropriate advisor in paragraph (a) of this section. JAG is not bound by unwritten advice or by advice provided by personnel who are not supervisory attorneys or advisors. See §776.54 of this part.

§ 776.11 Outside part-time practice of law.

A covered USG attorney's primary professional responsibility is to the client, as defined by §776.4 of this part, and he or she is expected to ensure that representation of such client is free from conflicts of interest and otherwise conforms to the requirements of these rules and other regulations concerning the provision of legal services within the Department of the Navy. The outside practice of law, therefore, must be carefully monitored. Covered USG attorneys who wish to engage in the parttime, outside practice of law must first obtain permission from JAG. Failure to obtain permission before engaging in the outside practice of law may subject the covered USG attorney to administrative or disciplinary action, including professional sanctions adminis-tered per subpart C of this part. Covered USG attorneys may obtain further details in JAGINST 5803.1 (series). This requirement does not apply to non-USG attorneys, or to Reserve or Retired judge advocates unless serving on active-duty for more than 30 consecutive days.

§ 776.12 Maintenance of files.

Ethics complaint records shall be maintained by the Administrative Law Division, Office of the Judge Advocate General, and, in the case of Marine records, by the Judge Advocate Research and Civil Law Branch, JA Division, HQMC.

(a) Requests for access to such records should be referred to Deputy Assistant Judge Advocate General (Administrative Law), Office of the Judge Advocate General (Code 13), 1322 Patterson Avenue, SE., Suite 3000, Washington Navy Yard DC 20374–5066, or to Head, Judge Advocate Research and Civil Law Branch, JA Division, Headquarters Marine Corps, Washington

Navy Yard DC 20380-0001, as appropriate.

(b) Local command files regarding professional responsibility complaints will not be maintained. Commanding officers and other supervisory attorneys may, however, maintain personal files but must not share their contents with others.

§§ 776.13-776.17 [Reserved]

Subpart B—Rules of Professional Conduct

§ 776.18 Preamble.

- (a) A covered USG attorney is a representative of clients, an officer of the legal system, an officer of the Federal Government, and a public citizen who has a special responsibility for the quality of justice and legal services provided to the DON and to individual clients. The Rules of Professional Conduct contained in this subpart govern the ethical conduct of covered attornevs practicing under the Uniform Code of Military Justice, the Manual for Courts-Martial, 10 U.S.C. 1044 (Legal Assistance), other laws of the United States, and regulations of the DON.
- (b) This subpart not only addresses the professional conduct of judge advocates, but also applies to all other covered attorneys who practice under the cognizance and supervision of the JAG. See §776.2 of this part.
- (c) All covered attorneys are subject to professional disciplinary action imposed by the JAG for violation of the Rules contained in this subpart. Action by the JAG does not prevent other Federal, State, or local bar associations or other licensing authorities from taking professional disciplinary or other administrative action for the same or similar acts.

§ 776.19 Principles.

The Rules of this subpart are based on the following principles. Interpretation of this subpart should flow from common meaning. To the extent that any ambiguity or conflict exists, this subpart should be interpreted consistent with these general principles.

(a) Covered attorneys shall:

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- (1) Obey the law and military regulations, and counsel clients to do so.
 - (2) Follow all applicable ethics rules.
- (3) Protect the legal rights and interests of clients, organizational and individual
- (4) Be honest and truthful in all dealings.
- (5) Not derive personal gain, except as authorized, for the performance of legal services.
- (6) Maintain the integrity of the legal profession.
- (b) Ethical rules should be consistent with law. If law and ethics conflict, the law prevails unless an ethical rule is constitutionally based.
- (c) The military criminal justice system is a truth-finding process consistent with constitutional law.

§ 776.20 Competence.

(a) Competence. A covered attorney shall provide competent, diligent, and prompt representation to a client. Competent representation requires the legal knowledge, skill, access to evidence, thoroughness, and expeditious preparation reasonably necessary for representation. Initial determinations as to competence of a covered USG attorney for a particular assignment shall be made by a supervising attorney before case or issue assignments; however, assigned attorneys may consult with supervisors concerning competence in a particular case.

(b) [Reserved]

[67 FR 70165, Nov. 21, 2002]

§ 776.21 Establishment and scope of representation.

(a) Establishment and scope of representation: (1) Formation of attorney-client relationships by covered USG attorneys with, and representation of, clients is permissible only when the attorney is authorized to do so by competent authority. Military Rule of Evidence 502, the Manual of the Judge Advocate General (JAG Instruction 5800.7 (series)), and the Naval Legal Service Office and Trial Service Office Manual, define when an attorney-client relationship is formed between a covered attorney and a client servicemember, dependent, or emplovee.

- (2) Generally, the subject matter scope of a covered attorney's representation will be consistent with the terms of the assignment to perform specific representational or advisory duties. A covered attorney shall inform clients at the earliest opportunity of any limitations on representation and professional responsibilities of the attorney towards the client.
- (3) A covered attorney shall follow the client's well-informed and lawful decisions concerning case objectives, choice of counsel, forum, pleas, whether to testify, and settlements.
- (4) A covered attorney's representation of a client does not constitute an endorsement of the client's political, economic, social, or moral views or activities.
- (5) A covered attorney shall not counsel or assist a client to engage in conduct that the attorney knows is criminal or fraudulent, but a covered attorney may discuss the legal and moral consequences of any proposed course of conduct with a client, and may counsel or assist a client in making a good faith effort to determine the validity, scope, meaning, or application of the law.
 - (b) [Reserved]

§ 776.22 Diligence.

- (a) Diligence. A covered attorney shall act with reasonable diligence and promptness in representing a client, and shall consult with a client as soon as practicable and as often as necessary upon being assigned to the case or issue.
 - (b) [Reserved]

§ 776.23 Communication.

- (a) Communication:
- (1) A covered attorney shall keep a client reasonably informed about the status of a matter and promptly comply with reasonable requests for information.
- (2) A covered attorney shall explain a matter to the extent reasonably necessary to permit the client to make informed decisions regarding the representation.
- (b) [Reserved]

§ 776.24 Fees.

(a) Fees: